



WARM clothes may mean all the difference between sickness and health this winter. A warm winter **Campbell's Clothing** suits costs now from \$12 to \$20 and may be the means of saving a heavy doctor's bill.

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Here's a little electric stove that'll do all your frying, boiling and toasting; also pops corn.

El Tostovo will help you go through college; does all your cooking, or, just your breakfast; cuts down your board bill very appreciably. The first cost is low and current consumption moderate.

When your friends drop in for a chat or when you all get together to prepare for that examination, have a bit of "something hot" brewing on your El Tostovo.

El Tostovo is such a Grand Host.

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Intercollegiate Hockey At the Arena

TORONTO vs. MCGILL

Saturday, Feb. 20th, 1915, at 2.30 p.m.

Reserved Seats, 75c; Box Seats, \$1.

Tickets Now on Sale at 328 Sherbrooke St. West

In and About the College

To Which Everyone Should Be A Reporter

There will be a meeting of the Union House Committee this afternoon at 5.30. All members are requested to attend.

Tickets for the Hall Dance may be obtained from any of the following members of the committee: H. Church, chairman, J. E. Aldrich, A. Stalker, W. Stevens, H. Miller, W. Grant, and F. Gullison, secretary.

The meeting of the Western Club which was to have been held this evening, has been cancelled. It is hoped that the meeting will take place on Wednesday next.

FOUND.—In Arts Building, lady's umbrella. Apply to janitor.

FOUND.—Fountain Pen, outside Engineering Building. Apply Billy, D.C. Lab'y.

Railway club excursion to the Steel Company of Canada leaves the Union at 2.00 p.m. sharp.

WANTED.—Second-hand parallel rule. Give other flooding of the grounds at this point.

The water has come from the big four-inch main leading to the chemistry building which, the plumbers who are in charge declare have become so eaten with rust that in many places it was a very easy matter to drive a nail through the pipes. New mains are to be laid as quickly as possible and as soon as they are installed the children will lose what has proven to them during the past few weeks, a very accommodating source of amusement.

THE CAMPUS RINK HAS OPPOSITION

For the past few days an opposition rink has been in operation on the east side of the campus and the kids have certainly taken advantage of the opportunities provided. Yesterday operations were begun to prevent the fur-

fer to Harry in the Engineering Building.

The Y.M.C.A. will hold a skating party for the first and fourth years Friday evening, on the Campus rink.

At 8 p.m. Friday, the first annual banquet of the Wesleyan Theological College will be held in the dining hall of the Wesleyan College.

Nothing really definite has been decided as to the next meeting of the Historical Club, but from information at present available, the club will meet next Friday evening.

The smoker of the Western Club which was to have been held this evening, has been postponed, on account of the assault-at-arms, and will be held Wednesday, February 24th.

Members of the Freshman class in Medicine may procure tickets for the King Cook Celebration on March 1st, at the price of fifty cents, from any member of the executive of that class.

Theolog. to be Ordained In A Khaki Uniform

Most Unique Ceremony is to be Performed in St. James Methodist Church To-night

REV. DR. SPARLING WILL OFFICIATE

Rev. J. W. Graves, Who Will Be Ordained, Has Been but a Short Time in Montreal

Rev. J. W. Graves, one of the students of the 15 class in theology, who has enlisted with the Ambulance Corps attached to the second contingent, is to be ordained at a special service to be conducted this evening by the Rev. Dr. William Sparling, Rector of St. James Methodist Church.

Mr. Graves' ordination will be unique in the history of the Methodist Church in Canada, as he will be dressed in his service uniform of khaki.

It is just in year since Mr. Graves left the Wesley College in Winnipeg. He won many laurels in Manitoba and Saskatchewan, supplying on many of the most important Methodist circuits in those provinces, and is known as a zealous worker and an earnest preacher.

He has written considerable war poetry, and literary productions from his pen have appeared in many of the leading papers. One of his poems, "Only a Scrap of Peace," was read at a large patriotic meeting here in Montreal, addressed by many well-known men.

Since coming to Montreal, Mr. Graves has made many friends by his quiet, unassuming manner, and his steady perseverance to duty. With six other men from the same college, he leaves for the front as a result of a strong conviction of the righteousness of Britain's cause. The earnest good wishes of every McGill man go with these volunteers, who have heard the call to arms, and are leaving their college to serve their King and country.

Varsity Men Worry About Exam. Dates

Advancement of U. of T. Examinations Causes Revival of Learning and Protests

Murmurs have been distinguishable above the turmoil of enlistment at the University of Toronto that the moving forward of the date of examinations is going to cause a series of brainstorms. But the professors assure the public that no form of mental strain is being enforced on the students.

"Some of the students always become over-worried about examination time," explained a psychology professor, to a Toronto newspaper. "The professors are perfectly sympathetic about the matter. It means that just two weeks of lectures will be missed, and on most subjects this means about four lectures. The examination hours have been curtailed from 2 1/2 hours to 2 hours, and the papers will be adjusted to meet the new condition."

"The girls aren't complaining at all," said Miss Parkin, dean of Queen's Hall. "The extra hours of study are good for them and then they consider that when the men are doing so much this is as little as they can do to help."

While all the lists are not yet completed of the students from the University who will have their year graduated in view of the fact that they are going to England with the Canadian contingents, it is expected that at least 136 will benefit from this arrangement. Of these 86 went with the first contingent, a company of 50 has been enlisted from the Faculty of Medicine, 12 from the Faculty of Arts and the remainder from various other faculties. Names are still being received of volunteers for the second contingent, so the list cannot be made complete for some days to come.

Mr. James Breiner, registrar, said: "Each man that wants to take advantage of the offer will have to apply and his case will be considered on its merits. The man whose work is satisfactory will be granted his standing, but if the student's record shows that he is weak on some subjects it will be impossible to place him ahead of his year, simply because he goes on military duty. Each case will have to be passed on individually and we have had no applications even as yet."

"Sid" Baldwin in Uniform for First Time in Three Weeks But Showed Up Well

LAST EVENING

BASKETBALLERS HELD PRACTICE LAST EVENING

Members of the Freshman class in Medicine may procure tickets for the King Cook Celebration on March 1st, at the price of fifty cents, from any member of the executive of that class.

Last night a senior basketball practice was held at the Central Y.M.C.A. in preparation for Friday's game with Varsity. Sid Baldwin, whose ankle is now well again, was out for the first time in three weeks and was playing in excellent form. Kennedy and Lee Smith also showed exceptional form and played well together. The practice was fast and snappy throughout and the combination was the best yet played this season.

The seniors are confident of winning their game with Varsity on Friday night, thus clinching the Intercollegiate championship.

What Kingston Editor Thinks

"Schools for Journalism have already proved their worth in so many places that I think you will find the consensus of opinion among newspaper men to be that such a school in Canada would not only be welcome, but should be highly beneficial. Indeed, I should say with the country developing as it is to-day, that not one school alone but several schools might profitably be established."

"Of course, the best school of all is the practical school on the staff of a regular newspaper, but it is a fact that many good men have failed in this larger school merely because when they entered it they had not the proper ground work—not the proper conception of what real newspaper work meant, and what real newspaper service demanded. A school for journalism would have given them at least a working knowledge of conditions, and they would not have been groping hopelessly about in the dark. On the other hand, such a school would simply be a school, just as a law school is, so to speak, merely an introduction for the young lawyer into the courts. What the lawyer needs—practice—he can obtain only through actual work, and much the same line of reasoning applies to the embryo journalist in the field of journalism. That is to say, the school is a preliminary and not a substitute. It is, however, an excellent preliminary and the very fact that one of the greatest journalists of the world, the late Joseph Pulitzer, endowed such a school in New York, is best proof that there must be need for it. Undoubtedly during his career, Mr. Pulitzer saw only too clearly the handicaps under which the beginner in the active field of journalism labours, especially so in the large cities where the new-comer has no such opportunity as he has in the small cities to see the beginning and the end of his story or the beginning and the end of the work necessary to put it in its proper form in the newspapers. Probably this explains why the great newspapermen of the country have invariably come from the small city dailies where the necessity for all-around work has developed them, may I say, into finished products."

—W. R. Givens, Managing Director and Editor, Daily Standard, Kingston, Ontario.

Before a large and representative meeting of the McGill Oriental last night, the Rev. Dr. Bruce Taylor, pastor of St. Paul's, delivered a lecture on the Prophet Micah. Dr. Taylor dealt with this most powerful of the prophets in his customary scholarly manner, interspersing his remarks with sparkling and delightful originality. Most people, said the lecturer, knew Micah only from the oft-quoted passage in the sixth book, where the prophet sums up the duty of man, in a short, pregnant and comprehensive sentence. But otherwise, the prophet was largely neglected. Few people knew him, and his fortune due perhaps to the fact that the book was contained in a collection unfortunately labelled "The Minor Prophets." In one sense only was the title correct, namely, in that these prophecies were shorter than those usually ascribed to the so-called Major Prophets.

Micah had an interest for his age and ours, the lecturer said, not less important than Isaiah. Isaiah was a politician, and saw all things through the spectacles of a glorified astrotology. Micah was a democrat, a man of the people, whose interests aroused his keenest concern, and prompted his finest expression. The social conditions of Micah's time were clearly reflected in his prophecies. He was not concerned with those movements of the great nations of Egypt and Assyria which so soon were to sweep the Northern Kingdom from the earth, and which threatened the safety of his own beloved land of Judah. Born and bred in the country, among the trees and flowers and grandeur of mountainous land, his prophecies reflected the earnestness and simplicity of a true lover of nature.

The prosperity of the times in both divisions of Israel had brought about a corruption and immorality in the lives of the rich perhaps scarcely less abominable in the whole history of Israel. It was a period of oppression of the peasantry by the rich, absentee landlords. Not only did they steal from the toiling peasants the products of their toil, but ignored their tenures, and deflected their inheritance. Micah's sternest denunciations were an indictment of the greed and blind selfishness which refused to recognize in the peasant class the real wealth of the land, but regarding them as part and parcel of the land, ground their faces, and wasted their products.

In their oppressive measures they were aided and abetted by numerous false prophets time-servers, who trimmed their message to suit their immediate interest and pleasure of the rich. Justice had become a by-word and a reproach. The venial judge sold and bought judgment irrespective of the rights of the poor.

Micah in place of righteous indignation, denounced the shameful iniquity of all the ruling classes, who ought to have been the natural custodians of the poorer classes. There could be but one end to such disregard of the plain demands of Yahweh, Samaria must fall, Judah would be engulfed in her overthrow. Jerusalem would be played like a field, and her inhabitants would be brought to a realization of the truth, by the painful trial of the sword of the exile.

Dr. Rose moved, and Dr. Scrimger seconded a vote of thanks to the lecturer. Dr. Gordon, Mr. Barker, and Mr. Carter also spoke.

An interesting incident at the close of the meeting was the signing of a resolution by Dr. Thompson, superintendent of Chinese Missions in Montreal, in which a request was made to the House at Ottawa that Chinese students be admitted to Canada on the same terms as students from other countries. Dr. Thompson cited as an instance of the capacity and intelligence of Chinese students, Mr. Peter Hing, one of the most distinguished students of McGill, now a Chief Justice in the new Chinese Republic. The resolution was signed by many of the most distinguished Montreal citizens, and was to be presented by Mr. Ames, M.P., of St. Antoine Division of Montreal. The resolution, Mr. Ames had said, could not fail of success.

Y. W. C. A.

At two o'clock this afternoon, Miss Perry will address the Y. W. C. A. in the Common Room of the Royal Victoria College.

The subject chosen—"The Practical Side of the Y. W. C. A."—is one which should appeal to every woman student and it is hoped that there will be a large attendance.

Manager Lawrence Cunningham, of the Harvard varsity baseball team, announces that an invitation to the Crimmon nine to play at the Panama exposition in San Francisco at the close of the college year has been declined.

Manager Cunningham placed the matter before the graduate advisory committee. The committee felt the distance was too great and F. W. Moore, athletic treasurer, notified the varsity and freshman crews to-day for the purpose of beginning spring training. It is expected that Coach Nicklas will arrive here about the 1st of March.

Prophet Micah Lecture Title of Dr. B. Taylor

Subject is Dealt With in a Most Masterly Fashion by the Reverend Doctor

A RESOLUTION BY DR. THOMPSON

Dr. Rose, Dr. Scrimger, Dr. Gordon, Mr. Barker and Mr. Carter Also Made Few Remarks

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McGill Daily

The Official Organ of the Undergraduate Body of McGill University

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MUSICAL MATTERS

The Daily will publish each Wednesday articles and reviews on Musical Matters in and about Montreal

CALENDAR

Feb. 21—Vera, Gardner, Clark, His Majesty's, afternoons.

Feb. 21—Italian Earthquake Sufferers' Benefit Concert, His Majesty's, evening.

Feb. 24—De Gogorza, Windsor Hall.

March 4—McGill Conservatorium Orchestra, R.V.C.

March 9—Dubois String Quartette, Ritz-Carlton.

March 15—Dubois Symphony Orchestra and Goodson, Windsor Hall.

March 18—McGill Students' Conservatorium.

April 13—Dubois String Quartette, Ritz-Carlton.

April 29—McGill Conservatorium Orchestra, R.V.C.

May 17—McGill Students' Conservatorium.

The soloist at the first concert of the Dubois Symphony Orchestra, to be given in the Windsor Hall, on March 15th, will be Katherine Goodson, the well-known English pianist.

Among the artists to be heard at the benefit concert to be given at His Majesty's Theatre next Sunday for the Italian earthquake sufferers, will be Miss Valentine Crisp, the young violinist, who has already been heard here this season. The concert will be at popular prices and a large audience is expected as the programme will be a well varied one.

Emilio de Gogorza, the Spanish baritone, will be heard here next Wednesday, together with Miss Wade, a pupil of the famous violinist, Jacques Thibaud. De Gogorza is one of the few singers who began their musical education early and were famous as boy sopranos. His early education was received near London, where he was known as the famous boy soprano of the Windsor Church Choir. Later he went to the Ecole Monge in Paris. He was an ambitious young man, and very perseverant in his studies. He studied under Emilio Bour-

geois, singing master of the Opera Comique, with Victor Maurel, and under Moderati and Agrimonte, of New York.

The sixth of the Donalds Sunday Musicales promises to be as good as the previous ones. The well-known pianist, Stanley Gardner, together with Chas. W. Clark and Miss Marie Vera, will be the soloists. Miss Marie Vera is a Russian operatic soprano, who has been singing lately in Berlin and other cities. By arrangement with Mr. Charles Clark is known as a baritone of great merit. The Western Hospital will benefit by this concert.

Fifth Sunday Musicales
Last Sunday, an interesting programme was rendered at His Majesty's Theatre. Mr. Hunt Dumbrell, well known in local musical circles, was heard to advantage in "L'A-mour," by Godard, "Banjo Song" by Home, "My Dear Soul" by Sanaderson, "Vision Fugitive" from Massenet's "Herodiade" and Bruno Huhn's "Invictus." His singing was much appreciated by the fairly large audience present.

Miss Myrna Sharlow pleased most in her group of songs, "L'Heure Delicieuse" by Staub, Bibb's "Rondel of Spring," La Forge's "To a Messenger," and "The Will" by Xavier Leroux. All of these she played with a good bowing, and showed a good technique. He had to respond with several encores to the applause which was accorded him.

Max Selinsky, violinist, was heard in several numbers which were very well known here. His solos included the "Ballade et Polonaise" of Viennet, Kreisler's "Caprice Viennois," a "Nocturne" from Chopin, and "Zig-zag" from the "Nocturne" of Liszt.

Goodson, the violinist, was heard in several numbers which were very well known here. His solos included the "Ballade et Polonaise" of Viennet, Kreisler's "Caprice Viennois," a "Nocturne" from Chopin, and "Zig-zag" from the "Nocturne" of Liszt.

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Mr. Blair accompanied as he always does, helping out the artists in the best way. Miss Sharlow showed her appreciation of his playing by shaking his hand after one of her encores.

Musical Notes
Music-lovers will hail with joy the announcement of the coming of Pablo Casals, the world's greatest cellist, who will give a concert here some time next month.

Theodore Heurion, who gave such good recitals here both in concert and the last, will give a piano recital in New York on February 19th.

Ferruccio Busoni achieved a triumph last Wednesday in New York, at the symphony orchestra Liszt concert given in Carnegie Hall. He played Liszt's A major concerto, "St. Francis Preaching to the Birds," "St. Francis of Assisi Walking on the Waves," and the "Danse Macabre."

Ignace Jan Paderewski left Lausanne on February 17 for a series of concerts in America, according to a despatch from Geneva to the New York Times. He intends to give part of the proceeds of his concerts to the war sufferers in Poland.

Eugene Ysaye is now living at Tumbidge Wells, between Polkstone and London.

Grocers are advertising "hygienic eggs" laid by "hygienic hens." It is said that the hens are disinfected every morning, and the hen houses are disinfected every night.

It will probably be of interest to music lovers to know that in order to facilitate and increase the labor of the hens, they are treated to several concerts a day of the highest class of music. These are thus forwarded, and are placed in a position where they can avert a failure or prevent loss of time on the road. This argument is further strengthened by the known fact, that a great many of the best men on the list of the last man who had the engine out.

And not only would this routine keep the men informed, but by a constant repetition, would make a slack round of the engine staff attend to the work booked, and would keep the master mechanic posted, not only as to what extent the repair forms were being followed out, but also as to how the various engine-men were attending to their duties.

The lack of interest taken in the Pooling System by the road crews, is an extremely vital question, as is apparent. The men, when they go off duty, do not bother their head, often times, about their engine, as they know that it may be a day or a week or a month or perhaps more, before they see the same engine again. This feeling can only be corrected by proper education, and should be eliminated completely as possible, as it is the proper spirit, it is hard to get the right work.

The question of supplies is another important item, as pooled crews show just about the same interest towards the equipment of an engine as they show to the engine itself. But it is believed that the system now in use on some roads, of pooling the supplies, will adequately look after this phase of the pooled engine problem.

Looking at every engine as it appears that poor results coming from pooled engines are entirely to be blamed upon the methods in use on the particular road for carrying out the system. Pooling, as it is being applied, is not only very bad, but running down the system and blaming it for the faults of the officials in charge, is a very poor and a very unfair way to argue the question. Give the road crews a little more lee-way; put the engine-men and inspectors onto their jobs and keep them there; keep the travelling foreman out on the road watching the system; keep the road crew nearly as much as they care for the details of the system. Give the pooled engine a fair chance under ordinary conditions, and it will make good.

received while fighting for King and Country. I saw a sad case of two young brothers in neighboring beds, one of which had his right leg amputated. The latter proudly showed me the stump of his arm, which was left. The former, with only one leg left, sang to me the only English he knew, which was "a Long, Long Way to Tipperary." It was very queer to hear in spite of suddenly being bereft of a leg. None of us knew when we were to be sent to the front and I don't suppose we will know until we go.

I have been observing regular movements of troops. One never knows during war time what may not happen from one day to another. As you probably know, the war has been brought close to our shores, both by sea and by land. We are now over Cromer a short while ago, and bombs succeeded in killing three or four innocent non-combatants. We are in expectation of further raids, but beyond taking precautions, all we can do is to wait and see.

Two days after the declaration of war, I decided to cancel my return trip to Montreal on Aug. 27th, and enlist as a private in the Honorable Artillery Company. After a month in London, we were inspected by the King, who is colonel-in-chief of the regiment. On Sept. 12 we moved into camp at Aveley, Essex, and I remained there till Nov. 4th, when we moved into billets at Buckheath, close to London. For three months I was supposed to be under orders to leave for the front and was in readiness to go at a moment's notice. On Dec. 17th I was discharged from the H.A.C. and was appointed a 2nd Lieutenant in the Loyal North Lancashire Regiment. I have been stationed with this regiment here in Eastbourne ever since. Thus I have been a soldier for nearly six months and during my career I had the opportunity of taking part in the funeral of England's greatest soldier.

I was sent to Lord Roberts' funeral and helped him the route of procession. It was an impressive sight in which quite a few of our Indian troops took part.

One of the pleasantest aspects of this present war is the way in which it is binding together the various parts of the Empire against a common foe. Only the other day I visited the hospital for wounded Indians from the front at the Pavilion, Brighton. Seven hundred wounded were being treated there. They seemed to have plenty of food and comfort, and their misfortune was most cheerfully. They glory in wounds



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Wisconsin University Exposition

International, national, sectional and "trade" expositions the public knows about and has profited by; but a "university exposition" is a new form of co-ordinated planning and doing for institutional publicity and for educational ends. The pioneer is the University of Wisconsin, and the designers, builders and managers are five hundred students organized in the Wisconsin Union, and not the professors or the executive officials as described in a recent Daily. The exhibits are to be concrete illustrations of the work done in all the university departments. The motive for the task is to furnish "a bird's-eye view of the university" and its relations to the diverse activities of the "state-wide campus." The attendants especially desired are students in high schools, residents in rural communities and civic-spirited citizens, whether rural or urban.

From one end of the state to the other the exposition is being advertised in public print and by poster; and also by student enterprise and shrewdness whereby the boy or girl at Madison assumes responsibility for inciting his home community to journey up to the exposition in March. Add to this the bulletins sent to the high schools and it is easy to see how the publicity desired is being won without much cost.

So obvious are the advantages to a university and to a state supporting it of such an exhibition as this, that it hardly needs any comment here to indicate the desirability of something of the kind being tried occasionally wherever and whenever conditions make such an enterprise possible. In this particular case the labor given will draw double interest, for when the exposition at Madison is closed much of the material will go right on to San Francisco and help to impress upon visitors to the exposition there the possibilities of education conveyed in terms of social service; for that is what the Wisconsin plan stands for above all else.

Traditions

On the first of March the unique ceremony which always marks the crowning of King Cook is to take place. This event is one of the oldest student celebrations in connection with McGill and has become almost traditional in the annals of the Medical Faculty. The amount of secrecy that shrouds the actions of the committee each year evokes no little interest in the proceeding. Each section sees some new features and the celebration this year promises to surpass all previous ones.

The constancy of this time-honored and well-supported function brings out more forcibly the lack of similar functions in the other faculties. They have no particular feature in their undergraduate activities that brings the students into close touch for good times and fellowship.

The lead of the Medicals in this direction might well be followed. History and tradition are splendid things to look back upon when far hence we leave college to enter upon our chosen professions. History and tradition are the backbone of our colleges. Why not bring them into closer touch with our activities. They will brighten our undergraduate days and afterwards we will be able to look back with pleasure on the four or more years, full with study and pleasure, that we spent at Old McGill.

McGill Twenty-Four Months Ago

From the McGill Daily of February 17, 1913

The McGill swimming aggregation gave an ample demonstration on Saturday last of the fact that it is by no means a one man team, for minus the services of the famous George, they beat the Varsity team by 43 points to 14. The McGill polo team also proved victorious, defeating Varsity by a score of 6 to 2, although at half time the score stood 2 to 1 against McGill.

The McGill men only met with one surprise, this being in the back stroke event which

Hockey
Skating
Fencing
Water Polo

College Athletics

Gymnasium
Wrestling
Boxing
Swimming
Basketball

McGill Again Defeated By Junior Vics

Lack of Practice on Part of Collegians Mainly Responsible For Result

The Junior team again lost in a pretty fast and close game against Victoria's last night, by the score of 5 to 2. The score except as regards the last few minutes is not a good indication of the play, because McGill after setting two goals behind braced up and put in two in quick succession. Victoria played a clean fast game on the whole, and at times came down the ice two and three abreast in a well-working combination.

McGill lacked combination, as has been the case through the season, owing to the inability to give the Junior team adequate practice hours. Also this team has been very chameleonic-like in its make up, and the continually almost new teams have little opportunity of knowing each other's play.

However, they played hard and did not give up any time of the game.

The face-off was followed by a Victoria rush and then the puck was worked up and down the ice fairly openly. Victoria pressed McGill's goal and there were some anxious moments when the puck seemed made to depart from McGill's nets. Hunter by both teams Victoria worked up cleared, however, and rushed it down.

After some more alternate rushes and Hooper on right wing, scored the first goal of the match when he slipped a fast one past Scott.

Soon after the beginning of the game S. Allan went on in place of Mager on defense. This changed matters a little though Victoria still kept the play near McGill's goal.

Laet S. Allan was shifted up to left wing in place of Bill Aird and Nutter was put on defense. This had the effect of steadying the game a bit more and Nutter started a little interest when he went down and put a beauty past Baird.

Right after this on a very quick play in a mix-up around the Victoria goal Martin put in a loose puck and evened the score. Vics had scored again a short time before.

Martin played a good game on right wing and worked his shot well. He keeps low and fast well. S. Allan was showing up better on wing than on defense, continually getting down on Victoria's nets, but he could not score. McGibbon, who played a useful game at centre for McGill was off condition a bit and MacDermot took his place just before the bell rang to half time.

The second half saw Victoria working hard and after some good combination and a pretty good goal, Nutter handling Hooper on right wing scored a nice goal.

This was followed by another after a short period of playing. McGill didn't seem to be working as well as in the first half. Martin played a magnificent game at the wrong end of the ice so that the magnificence was of really very little use to the team. The most pronounced feature in the last part of the game, because in the first half there was less magnificence and more usefulness.

Hooper, for Victoria played perhaps the best game of the night. He continually got away for good rushes and scored well for his team.

The Vics were faster and played better together than McGill. The latter team were not working well, using their bodies and the game, as a consequence, looked too tame at times. A healthy body into the boards puts a little life into everyone.

The game ended with McGill trying hard to score but they could not work it.

Scott, in goal, played a good game, stopping some hot ones, he didn't get the support he might have had from his defence at times.

For the rest, nearly all the men played their best, to all appearances, as specific eulogies are impossible.

The teams:

McGill: Baird, Goal; Scott, Defence; Hunter, Munroe, Centre; McGibbon, Hooper, R. Wing; Martin, Mager, L. Wing; Aird, Suckling, Spares; Allan, Holland, Nutter, Smart, MacDermot.

ELIMINATION BOUTS LAST NIGHT-- INTER-FACULTY MEET TO-NIGHT

Record Attendance Expected at the Union—Exhibition Bout Will Likely Be Staged Between Joe Donnelly and LeMay

The preliminaries for boxing and wrestling championships which are in the state for to-night were held last evening at 5.30.

Five bouts in all were staged, four boxing and one wrestling. Three of the bouts in boxing were in the 158 lbs. class, the one in which there seems to be the most competition, whereas the other belonged to the 135 lbs. class.

The wrestling was the elimination in the 115 lb. class.

The first bout to be staged was that between Fox and Bissett. Both men weighed in at 151 lbs., and were therefore well matched in weight. Neither one liked to start the fighting, but each waited for the other. However, Bissett made the break and began to force the fighting. Fox, however, guarded in splendid style and when his chance came landed lefts to Bissett's face which drew blood. Bissett then came close in and hit hard but Fox was quick to evade the occasion, and again used his left with the same effect. Bissett lasted the rest of the round, but did not come back for the second as the judges unanimously decided to stop the fight giving decision to Fox.

The second encounter of the evening was that between Almond and Bryant, another in the 158 lb. class. Bryant started off with a few swift pokes with his left to Almond's face, but Almond returned immediately. Bryant forced the fighting all the way but Almond warded him off with his long reach. Bryant was much more quick and aggressive than his opponent, but showed a tendency to overbalance and swing wild, thus leaving his body wide open. Almond, however, was rather slow in taking advantage of these opportunities. Towards the end of the second round both seemed a little considerably. Bryant nevertheless was the aggressor and continually threw his face against Almond's fist which seemed a long way out. The bout was more even in the third round, Bryant getting in his pokes with better effect. Almond, however, had the edge in all three rounds and was awarded the decision.

The next event which was one of the best belonged to the 135 lb. class. The challengers were, Falls and Ross, both weighing 136 lbs. Each waited for the other to lead, but once they got a start they kept things moving. At first Falls got in a few swift jabs to Ross's face, but Ross settled down and blocked them off. Both men got in a good many leads. Falls forcing the fight most of the time.

Here again as in the last bout the long arm counted as the men began to tire and Falls blows fell with more effect although Ross got in the larger number. Towards the end of the bout both men seemed to receive new life and had a very lively set to which was only stopped by the sounding of the gong.

The decision was given to Falls.

The next event was a wrestling bout in the 145 lb. class, between MacDonald and Matthews, both of Med. '17. It was to have consisted of two goes of six and one of three minutes.

However, MacDonald with a rush succeeded in bringing his opponent to the mat in 52 seconds, thus ending the first period. The next go lasted somewhat longer, both men showing up well; before long they rolled off the mat and on separating it was found that MacDonald had sprained his ankle and consequently could not finish. The bout therefore went to Matthews.

The final encounter which was promotional, who was mainly responsible for their victories so far this season. As regards the other members of the team there is not much to choose, all of them being good men. For the Arts sophomores, there is likely to be a shake in the line-up. Allen, who is a figure on the forward line, who MacDonald will take the defence. For the rest the team will remain unchanged. In their men the Arts sophomores team which will stand a lot of going to beat. They are a bunch and besides have a goodly lot of speed and moreover the necessary "hup" to produce a winning team.

The Science fellows have won their games quite handsily and have proven themselves to be a first-class squad of puck chasers. Their defence is as firm as a rock and will keep the Arts sophomores travelling some to bore in on Rochester. Their forward line is speedy and are working well together. All things considered, the match which will be staged on the rink at 1.00 p.m. on Thursday, will be one well worth seeing.

The Science fellows hope that a large number will turn out to root for their team. The same prayer is uttered by the sophomores in Arts. It was noticed that at a game in which the latter participated last Saturday, quite a number of the Arts sophomores from the R.V.C. were present. Come again!

The teams will likely take the ice as follows:

Science: G. Rochester, goal; Kier, Wilson, Defence; Mager, Parsons, cover; MacDermot, Pope, centre; Cassidy, Jacques, L. wing; Aird, Ward, R. wing; Allan, Subbs, Poe, Woods, Ferguson.

Prof. F. L. Huston, of the Princeton University, will coach the freshman baseball team this spring. His action in consenting to do this is in happy accord with Princeton's policy to the direction of undergraduate athletics. He will serve, of course, with out remuneration, and is the second of Princeton amateur coaches.

W. P. Seath



Prominent athlete leaving this morning with the artillery

The third round went to Spohn, Fox beginning to feel the effects of his earlier bout. Towards the end of this round Fox was kept busy defending himself and so got in very few effective blows. The judges were unable to decide a winner and so called for an extra two minutes round.

Spohn had the better of this round and was consequently awarded the decision.

The stage is now all set for the holding of the Inter-Faculty Boxing, Wrestling and Fencing meet to-night in the Union. The large number of entries necessitated the holding of five preliminary bouts which were run off yesterday afternoon in the Union, thus leaving the different classes free for to-night's meet which will start at sharp 8.15.

A good crowd is already assured it being estimated that over 500 spectators will line the ring when the men begin.

take to the mat. An added attraction to the evening's program will be the presence of the Undergraduate's orchestra which will render selections during the intermission. Fox smokes will also be distributed and that coupled with the good exhibition of boxing and wrestling which is to be staged will provide an excellent program.

There is sure to be very keen competition in the different bouts staged for the winners will take the trip to Toronto to represent McGill in the annual assault-at-arms which is being held in the Queen City. With this prospect before them the men will go into the ring full of fighting spirit and the winners will not be declared until they have held the end of the present program.

Owing to the fact that Professor Traquair was unable to be present the preliminaries in the fencing were cancelled until this afternoon, when they will be run off from five to six so that the winners will be fit ready to take their place in the ring at the appointed time.

One of the disappointments of the evening was the fact that Jeffreys and McCully could not make the weight, both men going about a pound over the mark, but the management has decided to let them go into the ring to-night. The winner will have to meet Ramsey some time next week for the finals. At this time he will have to make the weight or he will be disqualified the winner of the class will therefore be Ramsey.

Although Fox was defeated by Spohn in the 158 pound class last night he put up a game fight all the way and it was only after five rounds of strenuous fighting that Fox really showed signs of weakening. After the bout he declared his intention of making the 145 pound class and of challenging Almond to fight him the first of next week. The challenge has been received by the management and if Fox can make the weight the bout will very probably be held in the ring next Tuesday night.

One of the features of the evening will be an exhibition bout staged between Joe Donnelly and LeMay. This should prove to be one of the drawing cards as both the men are experienced fighters.

"Norm" Forbes seems to be left out in the cold. No one has as yet come up and volunteered to take Norm on in the 125 lb. class. Forbes will therefore take his place on the Inter-Faculty team without having to fight it out to-night.

The men who will take the ring to-night and the classes they will represent follow:

Heavyweight: Brown and Routhwaite.
158 lb. class: Kemp and Kelly.
145 lb. class: Johnson and Matthews.
135 lb. class: Jeffreys and Crombie.
125 lb. class: Banfield and Myerson.
115 lb. class: Cassidy and Parsons.

BOXING
Exhibition (probably) LeMay and Donnelly.
158 lb. class: Almond and Spohn.
145 lb. class: Almond.
135 lb. class: Crombie and Falls.
125 lb. class: Forbes.
115 lb. class: Banfield and Dobson.

Referee: Boxing, W. Armstrong; Wrestling, A. V. Hamilton; Fencing, Arthur Lamb; Announcer, George Smith; Judges, Dr. Harvey, L. C. Montgomery and Percy F. C. Roberts.

SEMI-FINAL FOR WOOD CUP TO BE HELD THURSDAY

Sophomores in Science and Arts Will Battle For Honours on Campus Rink

Thursday will see the semi-final of the Inter-faculty hockey championship, when Science '17 and Arts '17 clash on the campus rink. The resulting game will be one well worth watching, for both teams have made wonderful improvement since the beginning of the season, and are now going at full strength. They have also both conquered their rivals in handy style and are now ready to lock horns with each other, the winning seven going up against Med. '17, winners of the faculty championship who drew a bye.

Arts '17 will take the ice minus the services of Ritchie, their star centre man, who has appeared on the intermediate line-up. Science will likewise be handicapped by the loss of McCul-

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College Notes

Louisiana. — Prospects are very bright for a winning basketball team this season. Louisiana will probably have a better team this year than it has had for a number of years past. About twenty-five men are reporting daily for practice, and keen competition is being exhibited for places made vacant by varsity men who did not return. Only five letters men have reported thus far. The corn club boys short course was completed January 29, after one of the most successful periods of instruction given to the young farmers since the institution of short courses at the University.

Arizona. — The athletes of the University of Arizona have organized an "A" club, whose main purposes are to promote athletics, to insist upon a high scholarship, and to advertise athletics through the state. Only men of sophomore standing, who have won Two "A's" are eligible to membership.

Winter football practice at Yale has now ended. There will be no more work-outs for the candidates for Capt. Workon's team until April, when the regular spring practice will be held.

Harvard. — With Captain Claffin and Phillips out of the game early in the first period, the University hockey team defeated the veteran St. Nicholas seven 4 to 3 last night at the Arena. In the most exciting and hard-fought game of the season. While attempting to intercept the puck, Captain Claffin strained a tendon in his right leg and was obliged to withdraw from the game. Five minutes later, Phillips was hit in the mouth by the puck, which loosened several teeth and cut a bad gash in his lip. H. A. H.

Massachusetts. — Amherst College easily defeated the swimming team from Cornell University Thursday night in the Pratt natatorium in a dual meet by a score of 28 to 15.

Occidental College claims credit for devising a new event in a recent inter-class field day, a modified broad high jump. Its value is said to be due to the fact that it has the tendency to make the broad jumpers go up in the air and improve their style for regular broad jumping.

Hockey Notes

McGill will have to defeat Toronto on Saturday to keep in the running. The Red and White will be out to take the game.

Now that the defence has steadied down the team are showing a fine brand of hockey.

Kendall has developed into a regular stone wall in front of Mann, he saves "Shorty" a lot of work by getting in the way of shots.

The standing of the clubs was materially changed on Monday night, M.A.A.A. going into the lead in the race for the championship. The standing of the clubs is as follows:

W	L	T	P	A	
M.A.A.A.	6	1	2	25	18
Nationals	5	1	3	31	13
Vics	5	1	3	31	18
Stater	3	5	1	27	26
McGill	2	6	1	16	31
Shamrocks	1	8	0	15	41

The individual score and the number of goals they have obtained, follows:

Player	Goals
Clement	10
Mowatt	9
Laurendeau	9
Meldrum	8
Rainboth	7
Slater	7
Chamard	7
Sargent	6
Pontbriand	6
McMullen	5
Parsons	5
Labrecque	4
Sargent	4
Bell	4
O'Sullivan	4
Read	4
Galarneau	4
Darling	4
Lajoie	3
Rooney	3
Fraser	2
Sharp	2
McLaughlin	2
Beard	2
Macree	2
Gouvenmont	2
Hill	2

The following have scored one each: Burrows, Morley, Slater and MacCallum, of the Shamrocks; W. K. Morrison, Morris, of McGill; Orchard, of the Vics; Burrett, Springlands and McGill; of M.A.A.A.; Gaudette and Grenier, of Laval; Leduc, Lavigne, Oudbrand, Young, of Nationals.

Harvard's conquering tennis team, headed by R. Norris Williams, in a closely-contested and well-played game Tuesday night, the Blue and White team came with less than two minutes of the last half left to play. The game was fast throughout, the first half ending at a tie, 1-1.

Regulations For Snooker Tournament

First Round Also Announced With Handicaps Allotted to Each Competitor

The committee appointed to draw up a set of rules for the snooker tournament which is to be held soon, have drafted the following rules, and the names of those taking part in the first round with their handicaps also follow:

FIRST ROUND.

Lee Smith scr. vs. W. R. Way, plus 10.
Allan, plus 35, vs. A. C. Jacques, plus 15.
Bloomberg, plus 10, vs. W. Goldwater, plus 60.
R. A. Lowe, minus 10, vs. R. C. Hastings, scr.
Norman Scott, plus 15, vs. A. Deschamps, minus 40.
M. J. Brophy, plus 20, vs. G. H. Ferguson, plus 25.
S. C. Foster, plus 15, vs. P. S. Kennedy, minus 75.
G. Williscroft, minus 50, vs. P. Clark, plus 25.
R. F. Angus, plus 35, vs. C. J. Stewart, plus 25.
A. H. Mann, plus 30, vs. W. B. Banfield, plus 10.
L. C. McLaughlin, plus 40, vs. E. Johnson, scr.
W. P. Hughes, plus 30, vs. W. H. Kelly, scr.
G. E. Charters, plus 20, vs. C. C. Stewart, minus 60.
L. Hainbold, plus 30, vs. J. Donnelly, plus 20.
K. R. Lindsay, plus 20, vs. J. deG. Audette, minus 40.
J. McDonald, minus 75, vs. F. S. Yull, plus 35.

REGULATIONS.

All games shall be played on tables No. 1 or No. 2.

Th balls shall count as follows:

Red—1 point.
Yellow—2 points.
Green—3 points.
Brown—4 points.
Blue—5 points.
Black—6 points.
Pink—25 points.

In the event of a player failing to make his shot he shall lose the number of points represented by the ball excepting:

(1) A player shall be free on his first and alternate shot on the red.

(2) After shooting a red a player shall be free on any color with the exception of the pink.

A player must be qualified before he can win the game.

A player shall shoot the pink ball five times to qualify.

A player must have one foot on the ground to make his shot, an infringement of this rule shall be penalized by the loss of the shot.

English billiard cues only shall be allowed.

In the event of a foul a player shall lose his shot.

In spotting the balls, if the spot for the particular ball is occupied, it shall be placed on the spot next lower in value. The spot for the pink ball shall be used only when all other spots are occupied.

If a ball leaves the table in any manner, it shall be spotted, with the exception of the red ball, after all the red balls are down, colors shall stay down in order of value, the free ball shall also stay down if it leaves the table after all the reds are down.

A player shall be free only on the color ball of the lowest value on the table.

If a player goes in off the last ball on the table the game shall be finished, the player losing the value of the ball played.

New Haven, Conn., Tuesday.—Before a Junior Promenade crowd, the Yale basketball team dropped a heart-breaking contest to the Columbia five to-day, 22 to 21. Calder did the best work for Columbia. Kornsund was substituted for Walaker, at centre near the close of the second half and soon after shot a brilliant basket from the middle of the floor, which scored the winning point for his team.

Arnold scored eleven of the EPI's points, nine of them coming from Columbia fouls. His team mates had many opportunities for baskets, but most of their shots went wild.

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Columbia University won from West Point at hockey Wednesday, in a closely-contested and well-played game. The Blue and White team came with less than two minutes of the last half left to play. The game was fast throughout, the first half ending at a tie, 1-1.

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THE MILITARY HAPPENINGS AT OLD MCGILL

MCGILL BATTALION MANOEUVRES AT STE. ANNE DE BELLEVUE ON SUNDAY

Operations Will Be Carried Out as Under Actual Warfare Conditions and Should Prove of Great Value to the Men

OPERATION ORDERS TO BE CAREFULLY STUDIED

C.P.R. Has Placed Special Train at Disposal of Battalion—Men to Entrain at Windsor Station At 9.30 a.m.

STE. ANNE MANOEUVRES—OPERATION ORDERS.

Owing to the immense amount of work involved in organizing the battalion and in its elementary training, it has been impossible on many occasions to announce beforehand the nature of the contemplated manoeuvres and the work which would be required of the officers and men, also the variable nature of the winter weather has necessitated the cancelling of several tactical schemes which had been previously arranged.

With regard to the Ste. Anne de Bellevue trip on Sunday, February 21st, it is necessary that every man understand beforehand the nature of the manoeuvres and the work allotted to the several Companies, Platoons, and Sections. In the morning "Protection on the March" will be demonstrated on arrival at Ste. Anne de Bellevue the battalion will at once proceed to the Lake of Two Mountains. The Advanced Guard under Captain McDonald will immediately proceed over the ice in the direction of Cape Anne a distance of five and a half miles distant from Ste. Anne Station. The Advanced Guard will march one mile ahead of the Main Guard and the Van Guard will march one mile ahead of the Main Guard. Ahead of the Van Guard will be a half mile in front of the Main Guard. The purpose of this is to give ample warning of the approach or location of the enemy. The fundamental duties of an Advanced Guard are:

Van Guard—Reconnaissance; and Main Guard—Resistance.
On the right flank will be a flank guard which is divided into a flank guard party and Main Guard. The Flanking Party will move on the extreme right along the Semineville Road, which skirts the eastern shore of the Lake of Two Mountains. The Main Guard will follow the eastern shore line of the Lake of Two Mountains. It is the duty of a Flanking Party to protect the entire flank of the Main Body and in order that the Main Guard may not itself run into difficulties in the way of ambushes, there are thrown out front it an Advanced and Rear Guard Party. The Main Guard has a similar formation to an Independent Body on the March in the sense that it is itself protected by an Advanced Guard, Rear Guard and Flank Guard.

The Rear Guard is divided into a Main Guard and Rear Party. The Main Guard will follow a mile in rear of the Main Body and the Rear Party one-quarter of a mile in rear again. In cases where an attack may be expected by a pursuing enemy, the Rear Guard has the same formation as an Advanced Guard, only reversed.

It is the intention to adopt active service conditions as closely as possible in the Ste. Anne de Bellevue manoeuvres and in order to do this it is supposed that a division of the Red Force is encamped at Montreal. The Officer Commanding the Division receives a report that the Officer Commanding the Blue Hostile Force encamped at Caledonia Springs, Ontario, has detached one battalion with instructions to proceed down the Ottawa River on or about the 20th of February, across Lake of Two Mountains and take up a position near Port Semineville. On receiving this information the Officer Commanding the Red Division at Montreal decides to send a detached force to Ste. Anne de Bellevue for the purpose of forestalling the enemy.

He accordingly communicates with his Transport Officers and arranges for rail movements. He then issues an Operation Order in the form of a letter. This is delivered by messenger and received by the Commander of the Red Detached Force (McGill Battalion). On receipt of the order the Officer Commanding the Red Detached Force issues an Operation Order in the form of a letter. In this Operation Order he gives the necessary particulars regarding the information received, his intention, details of the troops to form the Advanced, Flank and Rear Guards, the composition of the Main Body, the nature of the transport and the place where reports are to be sent. These orders are delivered to the Officers Commanding the Advanced, Flank and Rear Guard, who acknowledge same by signing receipts. These latter officers in turn duly consider the matter and issue Operation Orders to their respective commands in the forms of letters. It is important that every man in the battalion study these Operation Orders and retain them in copies.

The Battalion will bivouac at Cape Anne a L'Orme and cook its noon-day meal. It will be endeavored to carry out this manoeuvre without any outside assistance, the Battalion being thrown on its own resources. For this purpose a toboggan transport will accompany the Main Body. It will consist of one toboggan per platoon, on which will be carried cooking utensils, food and ammunition.

The Headquarters Staff are endeavoring to obtain suitable maps of the district in order that they may be published for the information of all. In addition, it is recommended that each member of the Battalion read carefully the Sections in Infantry Training dealing with "Protection on the March."

Afternoon Manoeuvres.

During the noon-day meal it will be supposed that a scout of the Flank Guard has brought information that the enemy, 2 Companies Infantry, arrived Friday, February 19th, at 11 p.m. and are strongly entrenched on the high ground in the Golf Links near Semineville, a small village about three miles north of Ste. Anne de Bellevue on the Ste. Anne-Semineville and St. Genevieve road.

The Officer commanding the Detached Red Force, on receipt of this information, will at once move forward, accompanied by the Company Commanding the Main Body, with a view to deciding on the best means of attack. He will find the enemy entrenched in a semi-circular position facing North-East with the left flank resting upon and defended by a golf stone water tower and the golf club house, the latter being strongly fortified.

An attack against the enemy's left flank or centre will appear impossible owing to the strong commanding defences on the left flank. Furthermore the approaches are open and obstructed by numerous wire fences running parallel to the enemy's position.

A combined developing and decisive attack will be decided upon, the former from the northeast against the centre, and the latter from the southeast against the enemy's right flank. The developing attack will be used to attract the enemy's attention to his front and will have all the appearance of genuine offensive movement; the object being to keep him busily engaged on his front, pin him to his ground and force him, if possible, to use up his reserves.

As the developing attack progresses and when the commander considers the proper time has arrived he will order the decisive attack the troops for which will have moved round from the left flank and will have all the appearance of a genuine offensive movement; the object being to keep him busily engaged on his front, pin him to his ground and force him, if possible, to use up his reserves.

The whole manoeuvre may be described in plain language as similar to making a fake price with the right hand to the opponent's stomach, causing him to cover up and then delivering the real punch with left hand on his right ribs.

On return to the main body the commander will assemble his officers and give verbally the necessary orders for an attack the following day, an operation order writing would be issued in the following form:

Members of the Battalion are recommended to read Sections 114 and 124 inclusive, of Infantry Training 1914.

As the above article is published merely for instructional purposes to the members of the McGill Battalion, other newspapers are kindly requested not to copy same.

A. A. MAGEE, Major, McGill Contingent, C.O.T.C.

A.

1st Division Red Force.

ORDER NO. 1.

Old High School, Montreal, February 14th 1915.

REF. MAP LACHINE SHEET NO. 23.

1. INFORMATION.—The O. C. Picquets Ste. Anne de Bellevue reports on reliable information received that O. C. Blue Force encamped at Caledonia Springs, Ont., 30 miles west of map intends sending on or about 20th February, 1915, one battalion on snow shoes down the Ottawa River, and across the Lake of Two Mountains to occupy the high grounds on golf links near Port Semineville. The O. C. Blue Force has no machine guns at his disposal.

The C. P. R. from Montreal to Ste. Anne de Bellevue is now open and safe for travel. Troops proceeding along same need no protection.

2. INTENTION.—The O. C. 1st Division Red Force intends sending detached force, one battalion, to forestall the detached Blue Force on Lake of Two Mountains.

3. DETACHED FORCE.—Lieut. Col. Starke, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C. The detached force will entrain for Ste. Anne de Bellevue at C. P. R. Windsor station on February 21st, 1915, at 9.30 a.m.

4. TRANSPORT.—Toboggan transport required.

5. REPORTS.—Reports will be sent to Militia Headquarters, Union avenue, Montreal.

O. MCGILL, Major and G. S. O.

Issued 2 a.m. by Messenger.

No. 2 copy to O. C. McGill Contingent, C. O. T. C.

No. 1 copy retained.

No. 3 copy retained.

B.

Red Detached Force.

ORDER NO. 1.

Old High School, Montreal, Feb. 15th, 1915.

REF. MAP LACHINE SHEET NO. 23.

1. INFORMATION.—Information received from headquarters that Blue Force one battalion without machine guns, now at Caledonia Springs, Ont., 30 miles west of map, will proceed down Ottawa River and across Lake of Two Mountains on or about the 20th February, 1915.

2. INTENTION.—The O. C. Red detached force intends proceeding to Ste. Anne de Bellevue by train via C. P. R. Windsor station, to Bay Anne, a L'Orme to forestall Blue Force on Lake of Two Mountains.

3. RAIL MOVEMENTS.—The Red detached force will entrain at C. P. R. Windsor street station, on February 21st at 9.30 a.m.

4. ADVANCED GUARD.—Capt. McDonald, C. Coy, McGill Cont., C.O.T.C. less 1 platoon. The advanced guard will remain with the main body until arrival at Ste. Anne de Bellevue.

5. MAIN BODY.—A Coy, less two plats; McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., B. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., C. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., D. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., E. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., F. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., G. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., H. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., I. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., J. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., K. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., L. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., M. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., N. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., O. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., P. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., Q. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., R. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., S. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., T. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., U. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., V. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., W. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., X. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., Y. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., Z. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., AA. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., AB. 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C., DG. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., DH. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., DI. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., DJ. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., DK. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., DL. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., DM. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., DN. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., DO. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., DP. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., DQ. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., DR. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., DS. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., DT. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., DU. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., DV. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., DW. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., DX. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., DY. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., DZ. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., EA. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., EB. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., EC. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., ED. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., EE. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., EF. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., EG. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., EH. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., EI. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., EJ. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., EK. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., EL. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., EM. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., EN. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., EO. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., EP. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., EQ. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., ER. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., ES. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., ET. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., EU. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., EV. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., EW. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., EX. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., EY. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., EZ. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., FA. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., FB. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., FC. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., FD. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., FE. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., FF. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., FG. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., FH. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., FI. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., FJ. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., FK. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., FL. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., FM. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., FN. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., FO. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., FP. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., FQ. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., FR. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., FS. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., FT. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., FU. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., FV. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., FW. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., FX. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., FY. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., FZ. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., GA. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., GB. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., GC. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., GD. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., GE. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., GF. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., GH. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., GI. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., GJ. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., GK. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., GL. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., GM. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., GN. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., GO. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., GP. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., GQ. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., GR. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., GS. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., GT. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., GU. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., GV. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., GW. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., GX. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., GY. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., GZ. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., HA. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., HB. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., HC. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., HD. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., HE. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., HF. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., HG. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., HH. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., HI. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., HJ. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., HK. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., HL. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., HM. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., HN. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., HO. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., HP. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., HQ. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., HR. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., HS. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., HT. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., HU. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., HV. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., HW. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., HX. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., HY. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., HZ. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., IA. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., IB. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., IC. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., ID. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., IE. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., IF. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., IG. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., IH. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., II. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., IJ. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., IK. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., IL. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., IM. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., IN. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., IO. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., IP. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., IQ. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., IR. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., IS. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., IT. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., IU. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., IV. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., IW. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., IX. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., IY. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., IZ. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., JA. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., JB. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., JC. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., JD. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., JE. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., JF. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., JG. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., JH. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., JI. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., JJ. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., JK. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., JL. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., JM. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., JN. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., JO. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., JP. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., JQ. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., JR. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., JS. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., JT. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., JU. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., JV. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., JW. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., JX. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., JY. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., JZ. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., KA. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., KB. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., KC. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., KD. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., KE. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., KF. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., KG. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., KH. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., KI. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., KJ. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., KK. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., KL. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., KM. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., KN. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., KO. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., KP. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., KQ. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., KR. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., KS. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., KT. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., KU. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., KV. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., KW. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., KX. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., KY. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., KZ. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., LA. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., LB. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., LC. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., LD. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., LE. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., LF. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., LG. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., LH. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., LI. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., LJ. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., LK. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., LL. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., LM. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., LN. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., LO. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., LP. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., LQ. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., LR. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., LS. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., LT. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., LU. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., LV. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., LW. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., LX. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., LY. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., LZ. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., MA. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., MB. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., MC. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., MD. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., ME. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., MF. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., MG. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., MH. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., MI. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., MJ. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., MK. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., ML. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., MM. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., MN. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., MO. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., MP. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., MQ. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., MR. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., MS. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., MT. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., MU. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., MV. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., MW. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., MX. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., MY. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., MZ. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., NA. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., NB. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., NC. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., ND. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., NE. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., NF. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., NG. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., NH. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., NI. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., NJ. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., NK. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., NL. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., NM. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., NN. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., NO. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., NP. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., NQ. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., NR. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., NS. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., NT. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., NU. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., NV. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., NW. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., NX. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., NY. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., NZ. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., OA. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., OB. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., OC. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., OD. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., OE. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., OF. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., OG. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., OH. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., OI. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., OJ. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., OK. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., OL. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., OM. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., ON. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., OO. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., OP. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., OQ. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., OR. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., OS. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., OT. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., OU. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., OV. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., OW. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., OX. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., OY. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., OZ. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., PA. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., PB. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., PC. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., PD. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., PE. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., PF. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., PG. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., PH. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., PI. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., PJ. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., PK. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., PL. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., PM. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., PN. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., PO. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., PP. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., PQ. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., PR. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., PS. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., PT. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., PU. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., PV. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., PW. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., PX. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., PY. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., PZ. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., QA. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., QB. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., QC. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., QD. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., QE. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., QF. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., QG. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., QH. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., QI. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., QJ. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., QK. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., QL. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., QM. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., QN. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., QO. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., QP. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., QQ. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., QR. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., QS. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., QT. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., QU. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., QV. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., QW. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., QX. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., QY. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., QZ. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., RA. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., RB. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., RC. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., RD. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., RE. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., RF. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., RG. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., RH. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., RI. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., RJ. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., RK. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., RL. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., RM. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., RN. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., RO. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., RP. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., RQ. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., RR. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., RS. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., RT. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., RU. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., RV. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., RW. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., RX. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., RY. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., RZ. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., SA. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., SB. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., SC. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., SD. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., SE. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., SF. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., SG. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., SH. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., SI. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., SJ. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., SK. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., SL. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., SM. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., SN. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., SO. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., SP. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., SQ. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., SR. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., SS. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., ST. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., SU. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., SV. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., SW. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., SX. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., SY. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., SZ. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., TA. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., TB. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., TC. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., TD. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., TE. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., TF. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., TG. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., TH. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., TI. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., TJ. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., TK. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., TL. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., TM. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., TN. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., TO. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., TP. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., TQ. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., TR. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., TS. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., TT. Coy, McGill Cont., C. O. T. C., TU. Coy, McGill Cont., C.